

DATA BASE OF 62 PRIORITY INDICATORS OF NITI AAYOG

SNO	Goal	Indicator	Indicator Data Source	Computation Approach	Data Period	Number of States/UTs covered	Data Periodicity	Relevant UN Target	Relevant UN Indicator	Relevant MoSPI Indicator	Indicator Interpretation
1	SDG 1 - End poverty in all its forms everywhere	Percentage of population living below National Poverty line	NITI Aayog [Tendulkar Committee Estimates]	Directly from data source	2011-2012	35	Non-Periodic	1.2: By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	1.2.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age	1.1.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line	Higher value means lower performance (-)
2	SDG 1 - End poverty in all its forms everywhere	Percentage of households with any usual member covered by any health scheme or health insurance	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	3 Years	1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1: Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1: Percentage of households with any usual member covered by any health scheme or health insurance	Higher value means higher performance (+)
3	SDG 1 - End poverty in all its forms everywhere	Persons provided employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under MGNREGA	Ministry of Rural Development [MGNREGA Progress Report]	(Persons provided employment under MGNREGA) ÷ 100 / (Persons who demanded employment under MGNREGA)	2017-18	32	Annual	1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1: Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.3: Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MNREGA)	Higher value means higher performance (+)
4	SDG 1 - End poverty in all its forms everywhere	Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Maternity Benefit (%)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	3 Years	1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1: Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.5: Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Maternity Benefit	Higher value means higher performance (+)
5	SDG 1 - End poverty in all its forms everywhere	Number of homeless households per 10,000 households	Numerator: Ministry of Rural Development [Socio Economic Caste Census] Denominator: Ministry of Home Affairs [Census 2011]	Number of homeless households per 10,000 households calculated as (Number of homeless households) ÷ 10,000 / (Total number of households)	2011-12	36	10 Years	1.4: By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	NA	1.4.4: Proportion of homeless population to total population	Higher value means lower performance (-)

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6	SDG 2 - End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	Ratio of rural households covered under public distribution system to rural households where monthly income of highest earning member is less than Rs.5,000	Numerator: Planning Commission[Planning Commission estimates based on NSSO Consumption Expenditure Survey data] Denominator: Ministry of Home Affairs[SECC]	(Percentage of rural households covered under PDS)/(Proportion of rural households where monthly income of highest earning member is less than Rs.5,000)	2011-12	36	10 Years	2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round	2.1.2: Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES)	2.1.2: Proportion of Population (marginalized and vulnerable) with access to food grains at subsidized prices	Higher value means higher performance (+)
7	SDG 2 - End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	3 Years	2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	2.2.1: Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age	2.2.1: Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are stunted	Higher value means lower performance (-)
8	SDG 2 - End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years who are anaemic (11.0g/dl)(%)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	34	3 Years	2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	NA	2.2.4: Percentage of Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0g/dl)	Higher value means lower performance (-)
9	SDG 2 - End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	Rice, wheat and coarse cereals produced annually per unit area (Kg/Ha)	Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare [Ministry Reports]	(Total weight of rice,wheat and coarse cereals produced annually)/(Total agricultural area under rice,wheat and coarse cereals)	2015-16	36	Annual	2.3: By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment	2.3.1: Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry enterprise size	2.3.1: Agriculture productivity of Wheat and Rice (Yield per hectare)	Higher value means higher performance (+)
10	SDG 3: Ensure Healthy Lives and Well-Being for all at all ages	Maternal Mortality Ratio	Ministry of Home Affairs [Sample Registration System]	Directly from data source	2014-16	19	3 Years	3.1: By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births	3.1.1: Maternal mortality ratio	3.1.1: Maternal mortality ratio	Higher value means lower performance (-)

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11	SDG 3: Ensure Healthy Lives and Well-Being for all at all ages	Under-five mortality rate per 1,000 live births	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	35	3 Years	3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	3.2.1: Under-five mortality rate	3.2.1: Under-five mortality rate	Higher value means lower performance (-)
12	SDG 3: Ensure Healthy Lives and Well-Being for all at all ages	Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	3 Years	3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	NA	3.2.3: Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine)	Higher value means higher performance (+)
13	SDG 3: Ensure Healthy Lives and Well-Being for all at all ages	Annual notification of Tuberculosis cases per 1 lakh population	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [India TB Report 2018]	Directly from data source	2016-17	36	Annual	3.3: By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases	3.3.2: Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population	3.3.2: Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population	Higher value means lower performance (-)
14	SDG 3: Ensure Healthy Lives and Well-Being for all at all ages	Number of governmental physicians, nurses and midwives per 1,00,000 population	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	35	3 Years	3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	NA	3.8.8: Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10000 population	Higher value means Higher performance (+)
15	SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio at Elementary (Class 1-8) and Secondary (Class 9-10) school (%)	National Institute of Education Planning and Implementation [Unified-District Information System for Education]	(Adjusted net enrolment ratio at elementary school+Adjusted net enrolment ratio at secondary school)/2	2016-17	36	Annual	4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	NA	4.1.2: Adjusted net enrolment ratio in primary, upper primary and secondary education	Higher value means higher performance (+)

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16	SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	Percentage correct responses on Learning Outcomes in Language, Mathematics and EVS for Class 5 students	Ministry of Human Resource Development-National Council of Educational Research and Training [National Achievement Survey 2017]	Directly from data source	2016-17	36	2 Years	4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	4.1.1: Proportion of children and young people: (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex	4.1.4: Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades	Higher value means higher performance (+)
17	SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	Percentage correct responses on Learning Outcomes in Language, Mathematics, Science and Social Science for Class 8 students	Ministry of Human Resource Development-National Council of Educational Research and Training [National Achievement Survey]	Directly from data source	2016-17	36	2 Years	4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	4.1.1: Proportion of children and young people: (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex	4.1.4: Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades	Higher value means higher performance (+)
18	SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	Percentage of children in the age group of 6-13 who are out of school	Ministry of Human Resource Development-Social & Rural Research institute [National Sample Survey of Estimation of out-of-School]	Directly from data source	2014	34	4 Years	4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	NA	4.1.7: Out of school ratio (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary)	Higher value means lower performance (-)
19	SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	Average Annual Drop-out rate at secondary level (%)	Ministry of Human Resource Development [Ministry Reports]	Directly from data source	2015-16	35	2 Years	4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	NA	NA	Higher value means lower performance (-)
20	SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	Percentage of school teachers professionally qualified	National Institute of Education Planning and Implementation [Unified-District Information System for Education]	Directly from data source	2016-17	36	2 Years	4.c: By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States	4.c.1: Proportion of teachers in: (a) pre-primary; (b) primary; (c) lower secondary; and (d) upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g. pedagogical training) pre-service or in-service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country	4.c.1: Proportion of trained teachers, by education level (pre-primary, primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary education)	Higher value means higher performance (+)

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21	SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	Percentage of elementary and secondary schools with Pupil Teacher Ratio less than/equal to 30	National Institute of Education Planning and Implementation [Unified-District Information System for Education]	Directly from data source	2016-17	36	2 Years	4.c: By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States	NA	4.c.2: Pupil/trained teacher ratio by education level	Higher value means higher performance (+)
22	SDG 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	Sex Ratio at Birth (female per 1000 male)	Ministry of Home Affairs-ORGI [Sample Registration System]	Directly from data source	2014-16	22	3 Years	5.1: End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	NA	5.1.3: Sex Ratio at Birth	Higher value means higher performance (+)
23	SDG 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	Average female to male ratio of average wages/salaries received per day by regular wage/salaried employees of age 15-59 for rural and urban	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation [Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, National Sample Survey 68th round]	Average of urban and rural wages/salaries received per day by regular wages/salaried employees of age 15-59 was calculated for females and males. Using these, ratio was computed as follows (Average female wages/salaries received per day)/(Average male wages/salaries received per day)	2011-12	35	5 Years	5.1: End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	NA	NA	Higher value means higher performance (+)
24	SDG 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	Percentage of ever married women aged 15-49 who have ever experienced spousal violence	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	3 Years	5.2: Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	5.2.1: Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age	5.2.3: Proportion of cruelty/ physical violence on women by husband or his relative to total crime against women during the calendar year	Higher value means lower performance (-)
25	SDG 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	Percentage of seats won by women in the general elections to state legislative assembly	Election Commission of India [Electoral Statistics Document]	Directly from data source	2016-17	30	Annual	5.5: Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life	5.5.1: Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments	5.5.1: Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government	Higher value means Higher performance (+)

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26	SDG 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	Ratio of Female Labour force participation rate to Male Labour force participation rate	Labour Bureau [Labour Bureau Report]	(Female Labour force participation rate)/(Male Labour force participation rate)	2015-16	35	Annual	5.5: Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life	NA	NA	Higher value means higher performance (+)
27	SDG 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	Percentage of women in the age group of 15-49 years using modern methods of family planning	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	3 Years	5.6: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences	5.6.1: Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care	5.6.1: Percentage of Currently married women (15-49 years) who use modern methods of family planning	Higher value means higher performance (+)
28	SDG 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	Percentage of population having safe and adequate drinking water in rural areas	Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation [National Rural Drinking Water Programme]	Directly from data source	2018	31	Annual	6.1: By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all	6.1.1: Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services	6.1.1: Percentage of population having safe and adequate drinking water within their premises.	Higher value means higher performance (+)
29	SDG 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	Percentage of rural households with individual household toilets	Ministry of Drinking water and Sanitation [Swachh Bharat Mission Gramin - Dashboard]	Directly from data source	Mar-18	34	Daily	6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations	6.2.1: Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services, including a hand-washing facility with soap and water	6.2.1: Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural)	Higher value means higher performance (+)
30	SDG 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	Percentage of districts verified to be Open Defecation Free	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs [Swachh Bharat Mission Urban â€” Dashboard]	Directly from data source	Mar-18	34	Daily	6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations	NA	6.2.2: Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target.	Higher value means higher performance (+)
31	SDG 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	Installed sewage treatment capacity as a proportion of sewage generated in urban areas (%)	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change [Lok Sabha Unstarred Question 1723]	Directly from data source	2016	29	Non-Periodic	6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations	NA	NA	Higher value means higher performance (+)

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32	SDG 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	Percentage annual ground water withdrawal against net annual availability	Ministry of Water Resources [Dynamic Ground Water Resources of India]	Directly from data source	2012-13	35	5 Years	6.4: By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity	6.4.1: Change in water-use efficiency over time	6.4.1: Percentage Ground Water withdrawal against availability	Higher value means lower performance (-)
33	SDG 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all	Percentage of households electrified	Ministry of Power [Saubhagya Dashboard]	Directly from data source	Oct-18	30	Daily	7.1: By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services	7.1.1: Proportion of population with access to electricity	7.1.1: Percentage of Households electrified	Higher value means higher performance (+)
34	SDG 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all	Percentage of households using Clean Cooking Fuel	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-4]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	3 Years	7.1: By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services	7.1.2: Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology	7.1.2: Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel	Higher value means higher performance (+)
35	SDG 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all	Renewable share of installed generating capacity (%)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation [Energy Statistics 2018]	Directly from data source	2017	36	Annual	7.2: By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix	7.2.1: Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption	7.2.1: Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix	Higher value means higher performance (+)
36	SDG 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	Annual growth rate of GDP per capita (at constant price of 2011-12)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation [Ministry Reports]	Directly from data source	2017-18	32	Annual	8.1: Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries	8.1.1: Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita	8.1.1: Annual growth rate of GDP (adjusted to price changes) per capita	Higher value means higher performance (+)
37	SDG 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	Average unemployment rate per 1000 persons for males and females	Labour Bureau [Labour Bureau Report]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	Annual	8.5: By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	8.5.2: Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	8.5.1: Unemployment rate	Higher value means lower performance (-)

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38	SDG 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	Percentage of households with a bank account	Ministry of Finance [Progress Report on Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana]	Directly from data source	2018	36	Weekly	8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all	8.10.2: Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider	8.10.2: Proportion of population having Bank accounts	Higher value means higher performance (+)
39	SDG 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	Number of ATMs per 1,00,000 population	Reserve Bank of India [RBI Reports]	Directly from data source	2018	36	3 Months	8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all	8.10.1: (a) Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults and (b) number of automated teller machines (ATMs) per 100,000 adults	8.10.4: Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 1,00,000 population	Higher value means higher performance (+)
40	SDG 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation	Percentage of targeted habitations connected by all-weather roads under Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana	National Rural Roads Development Organisation [Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana Dashboard]	Directly from data source	2017-18	29	Monthly	9.1: Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all	9.1.1: Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road	9.1.1: Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road	Higher value means higher performance (+)
41	SDG 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation	Number of mobile connections per 100 persons in rural and urban area (Mobile Tele density)	Numerator: Ministry of Communications - Department of Telecommunications[DoT Reports] Denominator: Ministry of Home Affairs[Census 2011]	Number of mobile connections per 100 persons in rural and urban areas calculated as (Total number of mobile connections)÷(Total population) Population for 2016 was estimated based on Census 2011	2016-2017	18	Annual	9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020	9.c.1: Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology	9.c.1: Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology	Higher value means higher performance (+)
42	SDG 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and	Number of Internet Subscribers per 100 population	Telecom Regulatory Authority of India [The Indian Telecom Services Performance Indicators]	Directly from data source	Jun-17	18	Annual	9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries	NA	9.c.2: No. of Broadband Subscribers per 10000 persons	Higher value means higher performance (+)

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43	SDG 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation	Percentage of Gram Panchayats covered under Bharat Net	Numerator: Department of Telecommunications[DoT Reports] Denominator: Ministry of Panchayati Raj[Lok Sabha Unstarred Questions 1863]	Percentage of Gram Panchayats covered under Bharat net calculated as (Gram Panchayats covered by Bharat Net)÷100/(Number of Panchayats)	2016-17	29	Annual	9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020	NA	NA	Higher value means higher performance (+)
44	SDG 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries	Palma Ratio based on Household Expenditure in Urban India	Numerator: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation[Household Consumer Expenditure Reports 2011] Denominator: Ministry of Home Affairs[Census 2011]	Ratio of total monthly consumption expenditure of the richest 10% households to that of the poorest 40% households in urban areas calculated as (Monthly consumption expenditure of richest 10% households)/(Monthly consumption expenditure of poorest 40% households)	2011	35	10 Years	10.1: By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	NA	10.1.2: Gini Coefficient of Household Expenditure	Higher value means lower performance (-)
45	SDG 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries	Palma Ratio based on Household Expenditure in Rural India	Numerator: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation[Household Consumer Expenditure Reports 2011] Denominator: Ministry of Home Affairs[Census 2011]	Ratio of total monthly consumption expenditure of the richest 10% households to that of the poorest 40% households in rural areas calculated as (Monthly consumption expenditure of richest 10% households)/(Monthly consumption expenditure of poorest 40% households)	2011	35	10 Years	10.1: By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	NA	10.1.2: Gini Coefficient of Household Expenditure	Higher value means lower performance (-)
46	SDG 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries	Ratio of Transgender Labour force participation rate to Male Labour force participation rate	Labour Bureau [Labour Bureau Report]	(Transgender Labour force participation rate)/(Male Labour force participation rate)	2015-16	27	Annual	10.2: By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	NA	NA	Higher value means higher performance (+)

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47	SDG 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries	Percentage of Scheduled Caste Sub Plan fund utilised	NITI Aayog [State Reports to NITI Aayog]	Directly from data source	2013-14	25	Non-Periodic	10.4: Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality	NA	NA	Higher value means higher performance (+)
48	SDG 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries	Percentage of Tribal Sub Plan fund utilised	NITI Aayog [State Reports to NITI Aayog]	Directly from data source	2013-14	22	Non-Periodic	10.4: Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality	NA	NA	Higher value means higher performance (+)
49	SDG 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	Houses completed under PMAY as a percentage of net demand assessment for houses	Ministry of Rural Development [Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Progress Report]	Directly from data source	2018	34	Quarterly	11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums	NA	11.1.1: Percentage of slums/Economically Weaker Sections (EWS) households covered through formal/affordable housing	Higher value means higher performance (+)
50	SDG 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	Percentage of urban households living in slums	Ministry of Home Affairs [Census 2011]	Directly from data source	2011	31	10 Years	11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums	11.1.1: Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing	11.1.3: Proportion of Urban Population Living in Slums, informal Settlements or Inadequate Housing	Higher value means lower performance (-)
51	SDG 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	Percentage of wards with 100% door to door waste collection	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs [Swachh Bharat Mission Urban â€ˆ Dashboard]	Directly from data source	Mar-18	35	Quarterly	11.6: By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management	11.6.1: Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities	11.6.1: Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities	Higher value means higher performance (+)
52	SDG 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	Percentage of waste processed	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs [Swachh Bharat Mission Urban â€ˆ Dashboard]	Directly from data source	Mar-18	35	Quarterly	11.6: By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management	11.6.1: Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities	11.6.1: Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities	Higher value means higher performance (+)

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SNO	Goal	Indicator	Indicator Data Source	Computation Approach	Data Period	Number of States/UTs covered	Data Periodicity	Relevant UN Target	Relevant UN Indicator	Relevant MoSPI Indicator	Indicator Interpretation
53	SDG 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss	Percentage of total land area covered under forest	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change [Forest Survey of India 2017]	Directly from data source	2017	36	2 Years	15.1: By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements	15.1.1: Forest area as a proportion of total land area	15.1.1: Forest area as a proportion of total land area	Higher value means higher performance (+)
54	SDG 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss	Decadal change in extent of water bodies within forests from 2005 to 2015 (%)	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change [Forest Survey of India]	Directly from data source	2017	34	2 Years	15.1: By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements	NA	NA	Higher value means higher performance (+)
55	SDG 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss	Change in forest area from 2015 to 2017 (%)	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change [Forest Survey of India 2017]	Directly from data source	2017	36	2 Years	15.2: By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally	15.2.1: Progress towards sustainable forest management	15.2.1: Percentage change in Forest Area coverage	Higher value means higher performance (+)
56	SDG 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss	Percentage change in estimated population of wild elephants over 5-year period	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change [Elephant population estimation, Project Elephant Division]	Directly from data source- Since elephants have high dietary requirements, their population can be supported only by forests that are under optimal conditions. So, the status of elephants is the best indicator of the status of forests.	2017	36	5 Years	15.7: Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products	15.7.1: Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked	15.7.1: Percentage reduction in traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked.	Higher value means higher performance (+)

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57	SDG 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	Reported murders per 1 lakh population	National Crime Record Bureau [NCRB Reports]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	Annual	16.1: Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere	16.1.1: Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age	16.1.1: Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population.	Higher value means lower performance (-)
58	SDG 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	Reported cognizable crimes against children per 1 lakh population	National Crime Record Bureau [NCRB Reports]	Directly from data source	2015-16	36	Annual	16.2: End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children	16.2.2: Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	16.2.2: Proportion of Crime Committed against Children during the year. (Per lakh children)	Higher value means lower performance (-)
59	SDG 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	Estimated number of courts per 10 Lakh persons	Numerator: Ministry of Justice[Lok Sabha Unstarred Question 1111] Denominator: Ministry of Home Affairs[Census 2011]	(Number of Courts) ÷ 10,00,000 / (Estimated population size) Population for 2017 was estimated based on Census 2011	2017	32	Non-Periodic	16.3: Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all	16.3.1: Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms	16.3.1: Number of courts per lakh population	Higher value means higher performance (+)
60	SDG 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	Estimated reported corruption crimes per 1 crore population	Numerator: National Crime Report Bureau[NCRB Reports] Denominator: Ministry of Home Affairs[Census 2011]	(Reported Corruption Crimes) ÷ 1,00,00,000 / (Estimated population size) Population for 2015-16 was estimated based on Census 2011	2015-16	32	Annual	16.5: Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms	16.5.1: Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months	16.5.1: Persons Arrested in Total Cognizable Crime Cases under Offences under Prevention of Corruption Act and Related Sections of Indian Penal Code (IPC)	Higher value means lower performance (-)

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61	SDG 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	Percentage of births registered	Registrar General of India [RGI Report]	Directly from data source	2015	36	3 Years	16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration	16.9.1: Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority, by age	16.9.1: percentage of births registered	Higher value means higher performance (+)
62	SDG 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar	Unique Identification Authority of India [Aadhar Progress Report]	Directly from data source	2018	36	Annual	16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration	NA	16.9.2: Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar	Higher value means higher performance (+)